

### SEAN PATRICK IGNATIUS TARTAGLIA

### I, RECITA!

for Cantor, Chant, (S)AT(B), Continuo(E&B)

2022



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### CANTOR NOTATION

BLACK SYLLABLES ARE SPOKEN TONES

RED SYLLABLES ARE INTONED TONES

THEY ARE DETERMINED BY THE PITCH OF THEIR RESPECTIVE VOWELS.

THERE IS NO TEMPO; RHYTHMIC RATE IS DETERMINED BY THE WORD

WHERE THERE IS NO WORD, THE LENGTH OF SHORT AND LONG IS TO BE DECIDED BY THE PERFORMER

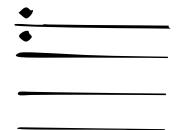
WHERE THERE IS A BREAK, THE PAUSE SHOULD BE INDETERMINATE

#### CHANT NOTATION

As in the cantor, the black neume is the base value; its pitch is determined by where the C clef is placed on the four line staff.

THERE IS NO TEMPO; RHYTHMIC RATE IS DETERMINED BY THE WORD

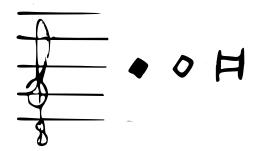
WHERE THERE IS A WORD, NEUMES WITHOUT DOTS ARE SHORT, NEUMES WITH DOTS ARE LONG



### VOICE NOTATION

POLYPHONIC VOICES ARE PLACED ON THE FIVE LINE STAFF IN DIAMOND NEUME NOTATION, REPRESENTING SHORT, LONG, AND LONGEST IN A STANDARD 4:2:1 RATIO

THE TEMPO IS ACCORDING TO A SLOW TACTUS, WITHOUT ANY RHYTHMIC MENSURATION OR METRIC STRESS, ROUGHLY QUARTER NOTE = C.53-56



#### Instrumental Notation

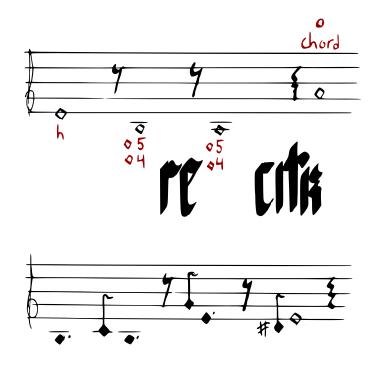
THE INSTRUMENTAL FORCES ARE DIVIDED INTO TWO GROUPS, ONE EACH TO A STAFF, PLACED IN SPATIAL RELATIONSHIP TO THE TEXT

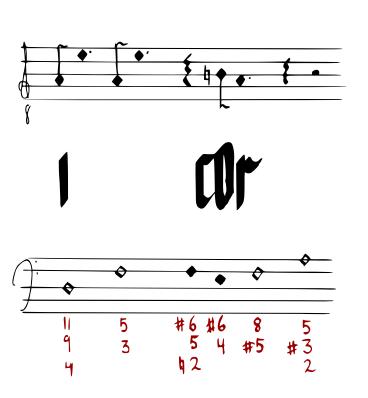
THE TOP, EQUIVALENT TO THE SOPRANO STAFF, IS THE EFFETTO CONTINUO, WHICH INCLUDES HIGH WOODWINDS, HIGH STRINGS, HORNS, ET AL

THE BOTTOM, EQUIVALENT TO THE BASS STAFF, IS THE BASSO CONTINUO, MADE UP OF THE LOW WOODWINDS, LOW STRINGS, KEYBOARD, AND MISC. CHORDOPHONES

THE SOPRANO AND BASS LINES ARE DETATCHED FROM THE TEXT: IF THERE ARE VOICES FOR THE RESPECTIVE PARTS THEY COULD BE WORDLESS, BUT THEY ALSO COULD FOLLOW THE WORD, ALBEIT AT A MORE INDETERMINATE RATE

IN GENERAL, THE RULE OF THUMB IS THAT THESE TWO STAVES DO NOT REQUIRE SINGERS, BUT THEY CAN BE DEPLOYED IF AVAILABLE





### Effetto Continuo

THE ROOT PITCH IS PERFORMED BY A SOLO INSTRUMENT OR A SOPRANO VOICE, IF AVAILABLE

THE REMAINING INSTRUMENTS PERFORM WHEN A SYMBOL DICTATES

WHEN MULTIPLE OPTIONS ARE APPLICABLE, THE CHOICE IS UP TO THE PERFORMER

strings play a harmonic a 5th or 4th above the root pitch, in cases of both they may choose

instruments capable of natural harmonics,

horns play root pitch natural, e.g. its equivalent in the harmonic series

e.g. flutes, play root pitch

instruments capable of multiphonics, e.g. chord oboes, play based on root pitch

### BASSO CONTINUO

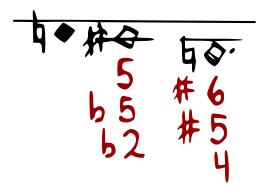
THE ROOT PITCH IS PERFORMED BY A SOLO INSTRUMENT OR A BASS VOICE, IF AVAILABLE

THE HARMONIC CONFIGURATIONS ARE PERFORMED AT THE DISCRECTION OF THE REMAINING PLAYERS

THE CONTINUO NOTATION IS TO BE READ IN RELATIONSHIP TO THE ROOT PITCH, I.E

C NATURAL WITH A 5 MEANS A PERFECT FIFTH ABOVE, THUS G WITH A #6 MEANS A RAISED SIXTH, THUS A# ETC

D C# B

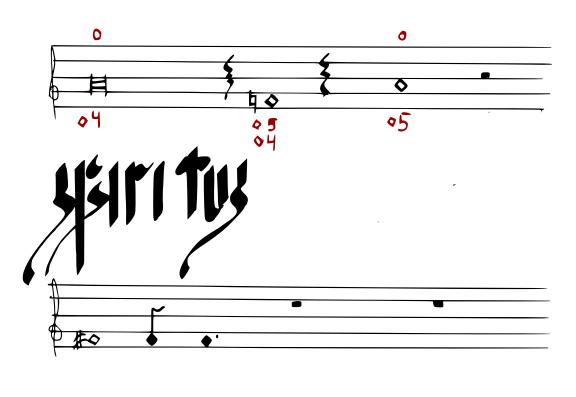


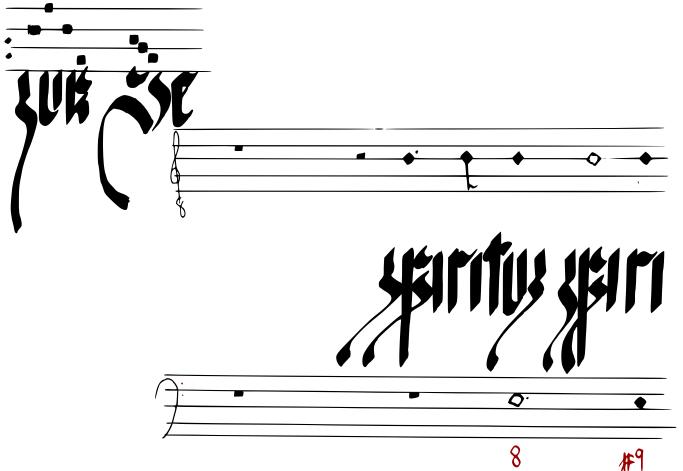
Ī RECITĀ! CANAT SĪ COR, TU QUŌ QUE CANĀS CANTUM SUAVE SPĪRITUS, VĒRUM COELŌ, ĀĒR Ā ANIMŌ QUASI CANTUS PLĀNUS EX LINGUĪS SĪCUT CHRṬSOS RECITĀ, COR MEUM, Ī, TU QUŌQUE CANĀS

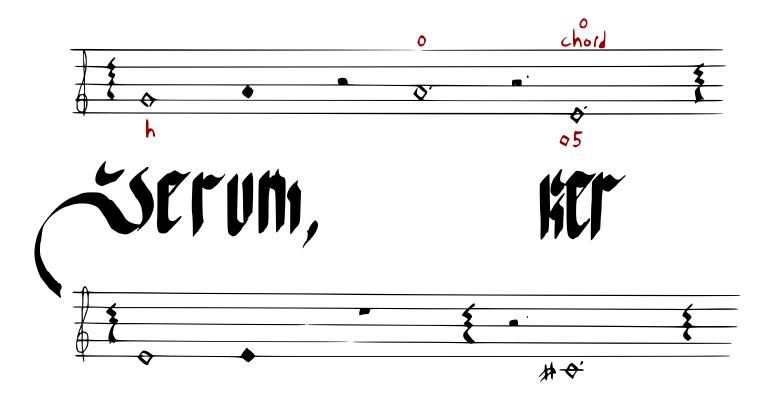
GO, SPEAK! IF THE HEART MAY SING, YOU TOO MAY SING A SONG SWEETLY A BREEZE, TRUTH FROM HEAVEN, AIR OUT OF THE SOUL AS IF A PLAINSONG FROM TONGUES LIKE GOLD SPEAK, MY HEART, GO, YOU TOO MAY SING

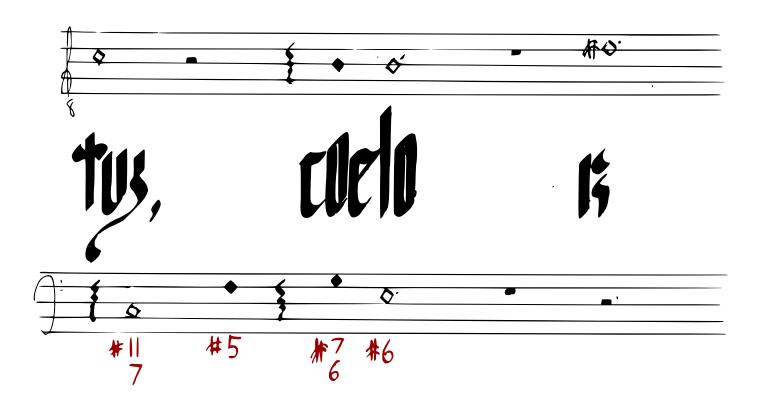
## recita! canat 41 cor,

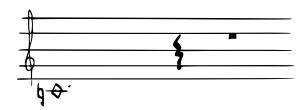
# tu gulgue char; chatum





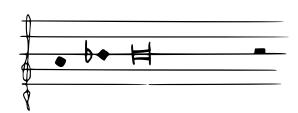




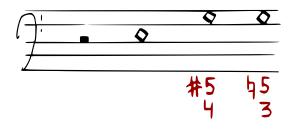


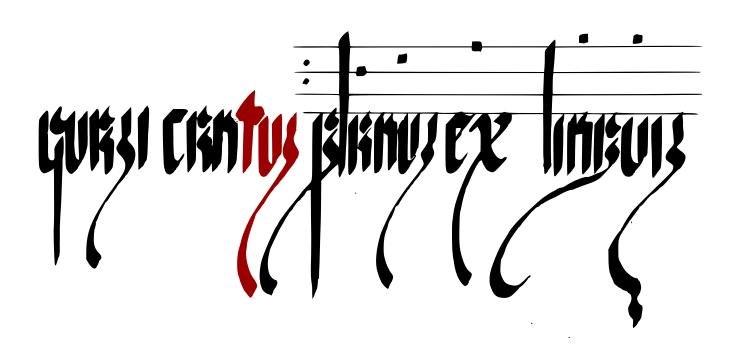
## thint





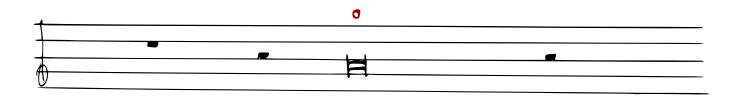
### knimo







## reciti, cormeum, 1,

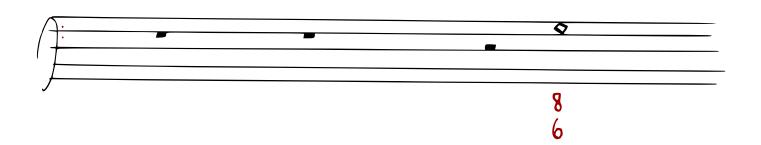


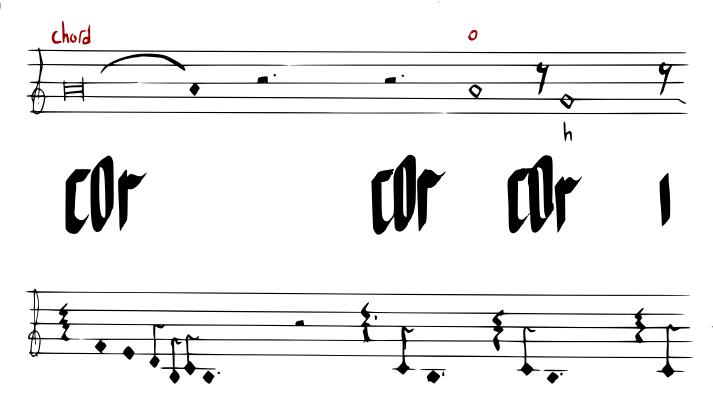
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